

### **Maternity Leave**

The following guidance is for employees under 'Green Book' terms and conditions. For other employees, please speak to your HR contact to check where your terms and conditions may vary.

### **Maternity Provisions**

Once you become pregnant you are given certain rights and entitlements under UK employment legislation and your contract of employment. These include the right to maternity leave and the right to return to work after your child is born, subject to certain conditions

### **Maternity Leave**

All employees, regardless of service, will be entitled to 26 weeks Ordinary Maternity Leave (OML) and 26 weeks Additional Maternity Leave (AML) i.e. 52 weeks in total.

You must inform your line manager in writing as soon as you can of the following:

- that you are pregnant and the date your baby is due;
- the date of the beginning of your maternity leave;
- if you intend to return to work following your maternity leave.

You can use the Notification of Maternity Leave Form at the end of this pack and send it to your HR Contact.

You must take at least 2 weeks' maternity leave following the birth of your child.

You can change your mind about when you want to start your maternity leave providing you give at least 28 days notice (unless this is not reasonably practicable because of pregnancy related sickness or premature birth).

Payments during your maternity leave will be made up of a combination of Statutory Maternity pay (SMP) and Contractual Maternity Pay (CMP) as detailed below.

If you return to work before exhausting your maternity leave/pay, the father of your child/your partner may be eligible for Shared Parental Leave/Pay. The rate of Shared Parental Pay will be the statutory rate. Qualifying conditions apply and further guidance is available under a separate policy.

# Statutory Maternity Pay (SMP)

This is an allowance paid by the Council, on behalf of the Government. It is payable for a period of 39 weeks, provided that you satisfy the conditions set out below and is

payable regardless of whether or not you are intending to return to work and even if you leave for non maternity related reasons:-

- you have been employed continuously for 26 weeks up to and into the 15<sup>th</sup> week before the week your baby is due
- your average weekly earnings have been not less than the lower earnings limit for National Insurance contributions (in the 8 weeks ending with the 15<sup>th</sup> week before the week your baby is due)
- you are pregnant in the 15<sup>th</sup> week before the week your baby is due
- you have advised the Council of your pregnancy and given 28 day's notice of the date you wish to start your maternity leave
- you have provided medical evidence (MatB1 or approved substitute) of the date your baby is due within 21 days of the start of the SMP period.

The amount of SMP payable will be:

- 90% of your average weekly earnings for the first 6 weeks of maternity absence
- the standard flat rate of SMP (or 90% of your average weekly earnings if lower) for the next 33 weeks

If you do not satisfy the conditions for payment of SMP, the HR Business Centre, will provide you with a form (SMP1), which will explain why and which you can use to claim Maternity allowance.

If you return to work before exhausting your maternity leave/pay, the father of your child/your partner may be eligible for Shared Parental Leave/Pay. The rate of Shared Parental Pay will be the statutory rate. Qualifying conditions apply and further guidance is available under a separate policy.

# **Maternity Allowance (MA)**

Maternity Allowance is a Government benefit, paid weekly, that you may be able to claim if you are pregnant or if you have just had a baby and are not entitled to SMP. The allowance can be paid for up to 39 weeks. It is only paid while you are not working.

Full up to date information on Maternity allowance can be found at <a href="https://www.gov.uk/maternity-allowance">https://www.gov.uk/maternity-allowance</a>

# **Contractual Maternity Pay**

Employees with at least 1 year's continuous service at the 11<sup>th</sup> week before the week the baby is due will be entitled to 18 weeks Contractual Maternity Pay as follows:

Weeks 1-6 9/10 of a week's pay\* (offset against payments made by way of Statutory Maternity Pay or Maternity Allowance).

#### Weeks 7-18

½ of a week's pay\* without offset of SMP or MA (except to the extent that the half pay plus Statutory Maternity Pay or Maternity Allowance exceeds full pay) **PROVIDED** you have declared in writing that you will return to local authority (not just the current authority) employment for at least 3 months.

\* a weeks pay includes all contractual allowances other than essential car user allowance which will continue in payment at full rate for the first 18 weeks and then at 50% for three months

If you are eligible to receive the half pay element of Contractual Maternity Pay you can opt to have this paid to you over 18 weeks instead of the standard 12 weeks, or you can defer payment until you have returned to work. However, both these options are dependent on your return to work following maternity leave for a period of 3 months. Please contact your HR Contact for further information.

### **Maternity Benefits**

As an expectant mother you may be entitled to certain government benefits. Details can be found at: https://www.gov.uk/calculate-your-maternity-pay

### **Salary Sacrifice Contracts**

If you have sacrificed salary in return for benefits or vouchers you may wish to review this arrangement in advance of your maternity leave. Please contact your HR Adviser at the earliest opportunity for advice. See also the Questions and Answers below.

#### **Lease Cars**

You may continue to use your lease car during the whole period of your maternity leave although you will need to continue to make your contribution to the car. Contributions will be deducted from your pay as usual during the paid period of leave and thereafter you will need to make arrangements with the HR Business Centre to continue payments. This is usually managed through payment of a monthly cheque.

Please note that it is your responsibility to ensure that your contributions are paid.

# **Annual leave and Bank Holidays**

Your annual leave continues to accrue for the whole period of your maternity leave and your full entitlement should be taken during the leave year to which it relates. Therefore, if your return date is likely to be after the end of the current annual leave year, you should try to take your full leave entitlement before starting your maternity leave.

Any annual leave taken in excess of your entitlement will be reclaimed through your salary.

You are entitled to an additional days leave for each bank holiday that falls during your maternity leave. These additional days should also be taken during the leave year to which they relate.

#### Ante-natal Care

You have the right to take paid time off to attend ante-natal appointments. You should let your line manager know when your appointments are and they may ask you to show proof of the dates and times.

#### Pension

You continue to build up pension in the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) as if you were working normally for any part of your leave where you are receiving pay. Your pension contributions will be based on the actual pay you receive during this period whether this is contractual, statutory or a combination of both.

For any unpaid leave you will not accrue pension. If you return to work, however, you can choose to pay back pension contributions to cover the unpaid period and make it count. You will be sent details of the amount required to make up this service by the HR Business Centre and you must make your election within 30 days of returning to work for the cost to be split between you and your employer.

If you have entered into a contract to buy additional LGPS membership, you must honour this by paying pension contributions based on your normal full pay while on maternity leave.

If you are paying AVCs for additional life cover, arrange to continue with these payments throughout your maternity leave or cover may cease.

If you need further details please contact the London Pensions Fund Authority at:

169 Union Street General Enquiries: 020 7369 6247

London Fax: 020 7369 6238
SE1 0LL Email: bexley@lpfa.org.uk
Website: www.lpfa.org.uk

# **Health and Safety**

As a pregnant employee there are specific provisions to ensure your health and safety whilst you are at work. These include the assessment by your line manager of any workplace risk and the adoption of appropriate protective and preventative measures. This will be particularly relevant if you are working with any hazardous substances or work unusual hours or patterns.

It is in your own interests to tell your line manager as soon as you know that you are pregnant to make sure that you are given the protection of the health and safety legislation. If you have any concerns about your health and safety in your work place

you should speak to your line manager, in the first instance. Advice will also be available from the HR Service.

### **Keeping in Touch Days**

You may agree with your manager to work up to 10 days during your maternity leave without affecting your statutory maternity pay or bringing your maternity leave to an end. You need not work a full day but any occasion that you do work will count as one KIT day (i.e. if you work a half day this will count as one of your 10 KIT days). Neither you nor your manager can insist that you work during this period although you will be paid for any hours that you do work (offset by any payment already in place).

Contact made to discuss your return to work and any other reasonable contact during your Leave does not constitute work for these purposes. Your manager will maintain reasonable contact with you during your Leave, for example, to discuss your plans for returning to work, to consider training or other support to ease your return to work, or to update you on work developments.

For health reasons you may not work during the first two weeks following the birth of your child.

#### Access to E-mail Account With

Your manager will inform Steria when you are going on leave and when you are due to return and you will need to return your ICT equipment before you start your leave. You will also need to complete a Bexnet pro-forma to nominate another member of staff to be given access to your e-mail account for the duration of your leave. If you wish to you may retain access to your e-mail account - subject to the approval of your manager – you can request this at the same time. Access to your e-mails will be via Outlook Web Access.

Please be aware that if you choose not to retain access to your account (or your manager refuses access) it will not be possible to give you access to your account on Keeping in Touch days. Access will only be returned to you at the end of your leave period.

The relevant guidelines and a pro-forma are available under Bexnet Accounts.

# **Table of Maternity Leave and Pay Entitlements**

Your service	Entitlement
	Leave
More than 26 weeks Bexley	26 weeks Ordinary Maternity Leave (OML), plus 26 weeks
service and at least 1 years LG service at the 11 <sup>th</sup> week before	Additional Maternity Leave (AML); 52 weeks in total.
the due date	Pay
Returning to work	39 weeks Statutory Maternity Pay (SMP), paid at the same time as 18 weeks Contractual Maternity Pay, consisting 6 weeks @ nine-tenths of a weeks pay and 12 weeks at half a weeks pay (offset against SMP except to the extent that this

(MatLet1)	ovenede full nov)
(IVIAILEET)	exceeds full pay)  Leave
More than 26 weeks Bexley service and at least 1 years LG service by 11 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date	26 weeks Ordinary Maternity Leave (OML) plus 26 weeks Additional Maternity Leave (AML) ie. 52 weeks in total. Employment terminates at end of 52 weeks but you can choose to terminate earlier.
Not returning to work (MatLet2)	Pay 39 weeks Statutory Maternity Pay (SMP) paid at the same time as 6 weeks Contractual Maternity Pay @ nine-tenths of a weeks pay (offset against SMP)
More than 26 weeks Bexley service by 15 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date but Less than 1 years LG service by 11 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date  Returning to work	Leave 26 weeks Ordinary Maternity Leave (OML) plus 26 weeks Additional Maternity Leave (AML) ie. 52 weeks in total.  Pay 39 weeks Statutory Maternity Pay. You do not qualify for contractual maternity pay.
(MatLet3)	
More than 26 weeks Bexley service by 15 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date but Less than 1 years LG service by 11 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date	Leave 26 weeks Ordinary Maternity Leave (OML) plus 26 weeks Additional Maternity Leave (AML) ie. 52 weeks in total. Employment terminates at end of 52 weeks but you can choose to terminate earlier.
Not returning to work.  (MatLet4)	Pay 39 weeks Statutory Maternity Pay. You do not qualify for contractual maternity pay.
Less than 26 weeks Bexley service by 15 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date but more than 1 years LG service  Returning to work.  (MatLet5)	Leave 26 weeks Ordinary Maternity Leave (OML), plus 26 weeks Additional Maternity Leave (AML); 52 weeks in total.  Pay 18 weeks Contractual Maternity Pay, consisting 6 weeks @ nine-tenths of a weeks pay and 12 weeks at half a weeks pay. There is no entitlement to Statutory Maternity Pay but you may be eligible for Maternity Allowance.
Less than 26 weeks Bexley service by 15 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date but more than 1 years LG service  Not returning to work	Leave 26 weeks Ordinary Maternity Leave (OML) plus 26 weeks Additional Maternity Leave (AML) ie. 52 weeks in total. Employment terminates at end of 52 weeks but you can choose to terminate earlier.
(MatLet6)	Pay 6 weeks Contractual Maternity Pay @ nine-tenths of a weeks pay. You do not qualify for Statutory Maternity Pay but you may be eligible for Maternity Allowance.
Less than 26 weeks Bexley service by 15 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date and less than 1 years LG service	Leave 26 weeks Ordinary Maternity Leave (OML) plus 26 weeks Additional Maternity Leave (AML) ie. 52 weeks in total.
	Pay

Returning to work (MatLet7)	You do not qualify for contractual or Statutory Maternity Pay but you may be eligible for Maternity Allowance.
Less than 26 weeks Bexley service by 15 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date and less than 1 years LG service	Leave 26 weeks Ordinary Maternity Leave (OML) plus 26 weeks Additional Maternity Leave (AML) ie. 52 weeks in total. Employment terminates at end of 52 weeks but you can choose to terminate earlier.
Not returning to work  (MatLet8)	Pay You do not qualify for contractual or Statutory Maternity Pay but you may be eligible for Maternity Allowance.

# Questions you may have

Question	Answer
Before my baby is born:	
What do I do now I know that I'm pregnant?	Let your line manager know so they can ensure you receive the appropriate health and safety protection and you receive no loss of pay for attending ante-natal appointments.
How do I apply for maternity leave and pay?	Inform your line manager as soon as you know what date you wish to begin maternity leave.  Complete the Notification of Maternity Leave form at the end of this pack and send it to your local HR contact around the 15 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date and no later than 28 days before the due date. You will then receive a letter confirming your maternity leave and pay entitlements.
What happens if I am not entitled to Statutory Maternity Pay (SMP) or contractual maternity pay?	You may be entitled to claim Maternity Allowance. Tops (Payroll Services) will send you a Maternity Allowance claim form.
What about time off for ante-natal care?	You can take paid time off for ante-natal care. You might be asked to show evidence of all but your first appointment.
What happens to the salary sacrifice arrangement that I have in place for childcare vouchers, etc?	You should contact your HR Adviser as soon as possible for more information and advice. If, for example, you currently receive salary sacrifice childcare vouchers, the Scheme allows you to stop this arrangement during your maternity leave. Depending upon the timing, your average pay for calculating your maternity pay can then be at the higher rate (non sacrificed salary). Alternatively, if you wish to continue to receive vouchers, your average pay for calculating your maternity payments will be lower (based on your

	sacrificed salary) but you will be able to continue to receive your childcare vouchers for the duration of your leave.
When can I start my maternity leave?	You may begin your maternity leave any time between the 11 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date and the due date.
What if I carry on working after the 11 <sup>th</sup> week and fall sick?	If you are away sick after the 4 <sup>th</sup> week before the due date and the sickness is related to your pregnancy, the Council will automatically begin your maternity leave. Any sickness before the 4 <sup>th</sup> week will be treated as sickness absence, even if it is pregnancy related.
Can I take annual leave before or after my maternity leave?	Yes, annual leave can be taken immediately before or after Maternity leave.
alter my maternity leave:	You should try to take all your annual leave entitlement before going on maternity leave if you are not due to return to work before the end of the annual leave year.
When my baby is born:	
Am I entitled to any special provisions if I have a multiple birth?	Your entitlement to maternity leave and pay remains the same as if you were expecting one baby.
	However, the parental leave entitlements are per child, i.e. if you have twins, you will be entitled to 13 weeks for each child.
What happens if I have a miscarriage or stillbirth?	Should you miscarry or a stillbirth occurs after 24 weeks of pregnancy your maternity rights will remain and you will be entitled to maternity leave and pay.
	If you miscarry or a stillbirth occurs before 24 weeks of pregnancy, sick pay will be payable in accordance with the council's sickness scheme.
What if I have my baby prematurely?	You must let your local HR contact know as soon as possible, the date your baby was born.
	Your maternity leave will be automatically triggered and you must provide a new MATB1 certificate showing the date your baby was born.
What if I have my baby later than the expected date, how will this effect my return date?	The date your baby is born will not affect your return date.
During my maternity leave:	
What about my entitlement to annual	Whilst you are on maternity leave, your entitlement to

leave and sick pay, will these be affected by my maternity leave?	annual leave and sick pay will continue to accrue. This also counts towards your period of continuous service for the calculation of annual leave and notice periods.  You should try to take all your annual leave entitlement before going on maternity leave if you are not due to return to work before the end of the annual leave year.
What happens to Bank Holidays?	A substitute days leave will be provided for each bank holiday that falls during your maternity leave. As with your annual leave entitlement you will need to ensure that you take these additional days leave before the end of the annual leave year.
What happens to my e-mails while I am on leave?	You must nominate someone to have access to your account while you are on leave. However you can also retain access, subject to your manager's approval.
When I return:	
Will I return to my original job?	At the end of OML you are entitled to return to the same job. At the end of AML the entitlement is to return to a similar job. Usually you will be able to return to the same job.
	If a reorganisation takes place whilst you are on maternity leave you will be fully consulted and your rights explained.
Can I work part-time on my return?	You do not have an automatic right to return to work part-time. However, any request to do so will need to be considered reasonably, taking into account both your needs and those of the service.
	Information about flexible working arrangements can be found on the HR website under Family Friendly Policies.
What happens if I decide not to return?	You will need to write a letter of resignation to your line manager, giving the correct amount of contractual notice.
	If you have received the half pay element of your contractual maternity pay, you will be required to refund the payment in full (or such part as the Council may subsequently decide), to the extent to which that maternity pay exceeds your entitlement to SMP.

What happens if I am not well enough to return following maternity leave?	Absence can be extended with a doctor's certificate, but will be recorded as sick leave.
What happens if my temporary contract expires while I am on maternity leave?	The right to return to your temporary post following maternity leave will be restricted to the temporary period for which you have been employed. Any termination date will continue to be effective.

# **Returning to Work**

It is assumed that you will take all of your maternity leave entitlement. If you wish to return before the end of your maternity leave, you should write to your line manager at least giving 21 days notice. Where the correct notice period has not been given, we can ask you to postpone your return date to ensure that there is 21 days notice.

It you are unable to return to work following maternity leave because you are ill, you must provide a doctors certificate and this absence will be treated as sick leave.

If you have received the 12 week half pay element of contractual maternity pay, you must return to work for a period no shorter than 3 months to retain it, otherwise you will be required to refund the payment in full (or such part as the Council may subsequently decide), to the extent to which that maternity pay exceeds your entitlement to SMP.

# **Deciding Not to Return to Work**

If you decide that you do not wish to return to work after the birth of your baby, before commencing your maternity leave, you will need to decide when you would like your contract of employment to end. The Council will assume that it will end at the end of your entitlement to maternity leave, but you have the choice of terminating your employment earlier. Whilst there should be no impact to the pay you receive, there are other implications, for example:

- If you decide to end your employment at the end of your entitlement to paid and unpaid maternity leave you will be entitled to elect to pay pension contributions on the whole of this period of employment and your continuous employment will be retained during the period.
- Your P45 will not be released until your last day of service which may affect your short term tax liability if you have other taxable income during the period.
- Any benefits to which you are entitled, for example your lease car, will terminate at the same time as your employment.

Please discuss your options with your HR Adviser if it is your intention not to return to work.

# Check list (tick box once actioned)

queries.

Whilst yo	ou are at work
	Have you advised your line manager that you are pregnant?
	Have you completed the Application for Maternity Leave Form and sent it to your HR Contact?
	Have you informed your line manager of the date you intend to commence maternity leave (remember to give at least 28 days notice in writing of this date)?
	Have you written to your HR Contact to confirm the date you intend to commence your maternity leave?
	Have you discussed the implications of any salary sacrifice arrangements that you have?
	After twenty weeks of your pregnancy ask your midwife for form MATB1 and send this to your HR Contact.
	If you have a lease car, have you given the HR Business Centre one month's notice of your start date for maternity leave?
	Have you made plans to take all of your annual leave entitlement before the end of the leave year?
Returni	ng to work before the end of your maternity leave
	If you wish to return to work before the end of your maternity leave, have you given your manager the correct period of notice, in writing, of the date you intend to return to work?
	Have you given correct notice of your intended date of return to work to the HR Service?

Remember to get in touch with the HR Service if you have any concerns or

# **Application for Maternity Leave and Pay**

This form should be used to apply for Maternity Leave and Pay. Full details of the Council's Maternity Provisions are available here <u>Maternity Guidance</u>. The HR Business Centre will confirm your entitlements on receipt of your application

At a minimum this form should be received no less than 28 days before you wish to start your maternity leave but please return it earlier than this if possible. Any subsequent changes to the information provided must be notified to the HR Service immediately.

Personal Details:	
Name:	
Post Title:	
Department:	Employee No
Maternity Details:	
Expected Date of Childbirth:	
Certificate MATB1 from Doctor/Midwife attached	or to follow
I wish my leave to start on (date): and end on (date):  If you need to change the dates you have provided you must give us 28 days notice of the new dates.	
I am intending to return to work after my maternity lea	ve <b>OR</b>
I am not intending to return to work following my mate	ernity leave
Employee Signature:	Date:
Please forward this form to your line manager for operational planning purposes. Your manager should then forward this form without delay to the HR Business Centre, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Floor East, Civic Offices. The Business Centre will then write to you and confirm your entitlements to maternity leave and pay.	
ACTIONED BY HR BUSINESS CENTRE (HR USE ONLY):	
Signature:	Date:

